THE NECROPOLIS.

The silent city of the sleeping dead!
Here enter with a hallowed heart and treed.
Nor bring one weelely thought or spark of strifts.
That kindled at thy neighbor's breath he life.
Ering thisher flowers, and it influences ahed;
Let treer, Fonce, my the tribute due—
To homele the spark of the stately year.
To homele the state of the stately year.
To homele with scorn, its howly bier;
To chidhood's innocence—of blue secure—
Its emblems chasts, in snewy marble pure;
Its crobiens chasts, in snewy marble pure;
Its crobiens chasts, in snewy marble pure;
Its this excellence, the here's praise.
The tablet rear, and stately column raise;
Inta worth may read, while struggling for the rig
The victor's honors of the well-fought Sahit,
And faith way see, as pointed into Heavier.
Its crown there waiting, and its sins forgivent

The Last Charge of Napoleon's Old Guard. Napoleon's "Old Guard" gained by their many desperate instances of bravery, an immortality in history; but their grand crowning was their desperate charge at Waterloo, which has few parallels in ancient and modern warfare. They fought for their adored Emperor, and to retrieve the evil fortunes of the day, they fell as though to do so would secure them immortal glory and eternal bliss in the world of spirits. The most graphic and stirring account of that last fearful and fatal struggle, that we have seen, is from a recently published French work. It reads like war itself-this is it:

war itself—this is it:

During the day the artillery of the Guard, under Drouet, maintained its old renown, and the Guard itself had frequently been used to restore the battle in various parts of the field, and always with success. The English were first becoming exhausted, and in an hour more would doubtless have been forced into a disastrous defeat, but for the timely arrival of Blucher. But when they saw him, with 30,000 Prussians approaching, their courage revived, while Napoleon was filled with amazement. A beaten enemy about to form a junction with the allies, while Grouchy who had been sent to keep them in check, was now here to be seen! Alas! what great plans a single inefficient commander can overthrow.

In a moment Napoleon saw that he could not sustain the attack of so many fresh troops it once allowed to form a junction with the allied force, and he determined to stake his fate on one bold cast, and endeavor to pierce the allied center with a grand charge of the Old Guard, and thus throw himself between the two armies. For this purpose the Imperial Guard was called up and divided into two immense columns, which were to meet in the British center. That under Reille no sooner entered the fire than it disappeared like mist. The other was placed under Ney, "the bravest of the brave," and the order to advance given. Napoleon accompanied them part of the way down the slope, and halting for a few moments in the hollow addressed them a few words. He told them that the battle rested with them, and that he relied on their valor, tried in so many fields. "Vivi l'Empereur," answered him with a shout that was heard above the thunder of the artillery.

The whole continental struggle exhibited In a moment Napoleon saw that he could

The whole continental struggle exhibited no sublimer spectacle than the last effort of Napoleon to save his sinking empire. The greatest military skil and energy the world possessed had been taxed to the utmost during the day. Thrones were tottering on the turbulent field, and the shadows of fugitive kings flitted through the smoke of the field of battle. Bonsparte's star trembling in the zenith—now blazing out in its ancient splendor, now paling before his anxious eye. The intense anxiety with which he watched the advance of that column, and terrible suspense he endured when the smoke of the battle wrapped it from sight, and the utter despair of his great heart when the curtain lifted over a fugitive army, and the despiring shrick rung out "The Guard recoils! the Guard recoils!" make us for a moment forget all the carnage in sympathy with his distress.

The Old Guard felt the presence of the im-

carnage in sympathy with his distress.

The Old Guard felt the presence of the immense responsibility, and resolved not to prove unworthy of the greatest trust committed to it. Nothing could be more imposing than its movements to the assault. It had never recoiled before a human foe, and the allied forces beheld with awe its firm and steady advance to the final charge. For a moment the batteries stopped playing and the firing coussed along the British lines, as, without the beating of a drum, or a bugle note to cheer their steady courage, they moved in dead silence over the field. Their tread was like muffled thauder, while the duzzling helmels of the cuirasscurs flashed dazzling helmels of the cuirasscurs fisshed long lines of light upon the dark and terrible mass that swept in one strong wave along. The stern Drouet was then amid his guns, and on every brow was written the unaltera-ble resolution to conquer or die. The next moment the artillery opened, and the head of nt the artillery open that gallant column seemed to sink into the earth. Rank after rank went down, yet they neither stopped nor faltered. Dissolving squadrons and whole batalions disappearing one after another in the destructive fire, affected not their courage. The ranks closed up as before, and each tre ding over his fallen comrade, passed unit in the gou.

The horse which Ney r. sank under him, and scarcely had he mounted , nother before it also sank to the earth, and so another and if also sank to the earth, and so another and mother, till five in succession had been shot moder him. Then with his drawn, sabre he marched sternly at the head of his column. In vain did the artillery hurl its storm of iron upon that living mass. Up to the very muzic they pressed, and driving the artillery men from their places, pushed on through the English lines. But, just as the victory seemed won, a file of soldiers who lay flat on the ground, behind a ridge of earth, suddenly rose and poured a volley in their very face. Another and another followed, till one broad sheet of flame rolled on their bosoms, and in Another and another followed, till one broad sheet of flame rolled on their bosoms, and in such a fierce and unexpected flow that they staggered before it. Before the Guard had time to rally again and advance, a heavy column of infantry fell on its left flank in close and deadly volleys, causing it, in its unsettled state, to swerve to the right. At that instant a whole brigade of cavalry thundered on the right flank, and penetrated where cavalry had never gone before.

The intrepid guard could have borne up against the unexpected fire from soldiers they did not see, and would have rolled back the infantry that had boldly charged its left flank, but the cavalry finished the disorder into which they had been momentarily thrown and broke the shaken ranks before they had time to reform, and the eagles of

thrown and broke the shaken ranks before they had time to reform, and the eagles of that hitherto invincible Guard were pushed backward down the slope. It was then the army, seized with despair, shricked out, "The Guard recoils!" "The Guard recoils!" and turned and fled in wild dismay. To see the Guard in confusion was a sight they had never before beheld, and it froze every heart with terror.

never before beheld, and it froze every heart with terror.

For a long time they stood and let the cannon balls pass through their ranks disdaining to turn their backs on the foe. Michel, at the head of those battalions, fought like a lion. To every command of the enemy to surrender, he replied, "The Guard dies—but never surrenders." And as with his last breath bequeathed this glorious motto to the Guard, he fell a witness to its truth. Jeath traversed those eight battalions with such rapid footsteps, that they soon dwindled away to two, which turned in hopeless darings on the overwhelming number that pressed their retiring footsteps.

Last of all but a single battalion, the debris of "the column of granite," at Marengo, was left. Into this Napoleon flung himself. Cambrenne, its brave commander, saw with terror the Emperor, in its frail keeping. He was not struggling for victory, he was intent on showing how the Guard die. Approaching the Emperor, he cried out: "Retire Do you not see that death has no need of you?" and closing mournfully yet sternly round the expiring eagles, those brave hearts bade Napoleon an eternal adieu, and, flinging themselves on the enemy, were soon piled with the dead at their feet.

Many of the officers were seen to destroy themselves rather than suffer defeat. Thus greater even in its own defeat than any other corps of men in gaining a victory, the Old Guard passed from the stage, and the surtain dropped upon its strange career. It had fought its last battle.

get ine dinner, they think themselves likely

Ladies' Pushions for May.

For walking dress, the regular pelisse, much like that worn thirty-five years ago, has reappeared; and, by the way, the slashed or Venetian sleeve, a revival of a much more ancient date, is also in fashion.

The weather is too changeable to admit of laying aside winter wrappers, and cloaks in velvet, trimmed with black lace, and having long, wide banging sleeves, are still apropos. The bonnets have increased in size. They are made to advance in front, while they are open at the sides. The description of a few spring bonnets may prove interesting to our readers. A bonnet may be made of white tulle, with a cartain of pink terry velvet; the edge of the front of black velvet, with a full blonde falling from the edge over the front; a fold of black velvet in the inside, fastened with three gold rings, and pink ribbon strings.

Another spring bonnet may be made of

fastened with three gold rings, and pink rib-bon strings.

Another spring bonnet may be made of white crape, with the front edge and curtain of green terry velvet—a bow of green velvet on the crown of the bonnet. From his bow may fall a black lace scarf, which should be fastened under the chin with a broad green velvet ribbon and a gold buckle. To corre-spond with this, a simple bandeau of green velvet across the forehead, with a gold buckle in the middle.

A third bomnet may be composed of white

velvet across the forebead, with a gold buckle in the middle.

A third beamet may be composed of white and black thile, drawn. On one side a coquilles of white and black blonde, with a pink bow on the crown, and bouquets of black and pink feathers inside. The strings of white pink sarsenet ribbon.

Velvet is a tavorite material for dinner dresses. Satin is also much worn.

The following is the description of an elegant and fishionable dinner dress. A robe of emerald green satin, the skirt trimmed up the sides with rich guipure passementerie; this shoulders. A row of buttons trimmed round with guipure gives a novel and striking effect to this dress. The sleeves should be open and wide, and should be trimmed round with guipure.

The skirt of dresses is still worn very ample, but it is no longer absurdly so.—Ladies

but it is no longer absurdly so .- Ladie

## COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

Monetary and Commercial. Monetary matters were tolerably animated in Third-street yesterday, although the counter business was not active at the Bankinghouses. Currency was in good demand, but the supply continued adequate thereto, and no stringency was felt in any quarter.

The Discount houses are accommodating their customers when ever they offer approved Paper, at 10@12 per cent.; much of it being done at the former figures.

For Eastern Exchange the demand was still brisk at 50@55c. buying, and ½ premium

being done at the former figures.

For Eastern Exchance the demand was still brisk at 50@55c. buying, and ½ premium selling rate. Occasionally dealers who were short paid 60c, on New York; but that price was above the market.

Some of the country Banks are in the market for gold, and several of the Bankers have orders at ½ premium. Coin was also in request at ½@40c. for shipment.

We heard yesterday of no transactions of consequence in New Orleans Exchange, either sight or time.

A few sixty-day bills were purchased in the East at 8@10 \$\Phi\$ cent.; first-class going at the former rates.

Missouri paper was readily bought at 1½, and Iowa, Illinois and Wisconsin at 1½ dis.

The imports and exports of various articles during the twenty-four hours ending yesterday noon were:

day noon were:

Injorts—Apples, 15 bris.; Barley, 200 bushels; Butter, 166 pkgs; Cuodles.—; Corn, 300 bushels; Cheese, 64 bexas; Coffee, 176 bags; Flour, 128 bris.; Hay, 221 bales; Hogs, 26 head; Lard, 21 bris. and — kegs; Moinssee, 222 bris.; Mailt. 300 bus.; Oats, 5,688 bus.; Pork and Bacon, 29 bris.; Mailt. 300 bus.; Oats, 5,688 bus.; Pork and Bacon, 29 bris.; District, District, 254 brids.; Sailt, — bris.; Wheat, 1,662 bushels; Whisky 1,644 barrels. 1,044 barriels. — the triangle of the barriels. Whisky Exports—Apples, — brls.; Bariey, 78 bashels; Butter, 28 pkgs.; Candies, 40 boxes; Corn. — bushels; Cheese, 111 boxes; Coffee, 85 bags; Flour, 1,105 brls.; Hay — bales; Hogs. — head; Lard, — brls., — kegs; Moiasses, et brls.; Malt, — bus.; Oats. — bus.; Pork and Bacon, 116 hhds.; 40 threes, 199 barriels, 80 boxes, and — pounds; Potatoes, 579 bushels; Sugar, 61 hhds.; Salt, — brls.; Wheat 1,382 bushels; Whisky, 1,638 barrels.

of high, Salt, - bria.; Wheat 1,382 bushels; Whisky, 1,535 barrels.

The sales of Flour yesterday reached 1,300 barrels at \$5.55 for superfine and \$5.75@\$6 and \$6.10 for extra, the last price for extra choice white Wheat. Oats ruled at 45c; 1,030 bushels selling at that price. White Wheat was \$1.41½, and red \$1.36 per bushel, with small transactions. In Whisky there was a fair trade, 1,223 barrels selling at 18@18½c. Mess Pork sold to the extent of 900 barrels at \$17.25, and 100 hlds. Bacon at 7½c., and 9½c. for Shoulders and Sides. Lard changed hands at 10½c. In Groceries hardly anything was doing. Of ear Corn there were sales of 300 bushels in bulk at 46c; Oats, 500 bushels at 44c.; Rye, 300 bushels at 92c, per bushel.

The following are the comparative imports

The following are the comparative imports and exports for the past week and since Jan-

Manager and Control of the Control o	IMPORTS	1.	
For the week. Dry goods	1858.	1859.	1860.
	\$198,550	\$1,484,675	\$103,101
	1,302,937	3,089,734	2,416,765
Total for week	\$1,501,447	\$4,565,109	\$3,381,866
Prov. reported	37,283,254	76,015,371	76,617,065
Since Jan. 1	\$35,714,745	\$75,850,460	\$19,790,921

For the week....... \$1,256,000 \$1,154,90 \$1,56,12 Prev. reported...... 17,555,394 17,756,112 24,995,51 Since Jan. 1 ...... \$18,911,207 \$18,949,872 \$26,129,93 EXPOSTS OF SPECIE.

For the week....... \$1358. 1850. \$1,771,707 Prev. reported...... 10,780,998 12,520,105 4,041,780 Sinon Jan. 1...... \$10,923,871 \$14,230,849 \$6,819,54:

Thompson's New York York Bank Note Reporter speaks thus encouragingly of the future trade of the country:

future trade of the country:

The month of Agril has developed much that is encouraging. Our imports are within safe bounds, and our exports are within safe bounds, and our exports are not street by the secount; and no fears are entertier. The imports for the spring trade are paid for by the exports, and there is a sufficient amount of Exchange left over to pay for a portion of the imports for the fall trade. Confidence is taking deep root under the influence of a cheap and alundant supply of Monay. The whole country is convalescent, and in the full type of its strength, needs but little stimulant to draw into action all its progressive powers. Congress is the only block—the only includes—the only includes the only include

The financial advices by the Vanderbitt are not very important, but are generally favorable. Consols were buoyant and the money market working easier. Private letters confirm the statement, and express the belief that the highest rate of interest had been touched. Breadstuffs were quite lawyant, but the quassi panic in Cotton continued. The London Daily News says:

The Money market to day was again rather cader.

The Money market to-day was again rather easier. At the Bank the demand did not exceed moderate proportions. In the general market the best abort bills were taken more rapidly at the Bank minimum, with exceptional transactions at a fractional reduction. For four months bills, however, the terms were maintained at big grount, and for six menths at 6 %.

cent.

We believe it is by no means unlikely that the million and a half of bank-notes, the locking up of which has excited so much attention, will almost immediately find their way back into the Bank of England. The discount firms who hold them repudiate the charge which has been fastened upon them, of seeking to inflict detriment upon the public

interest.	270
They contend that they are perfectly entitled to	Bri
the custody of their own funds, and that if they re-	Sh
place them at the disposal of their apparents the	Bhi
Bank, they give a proof of their moderation This	Mi
	0.110.0
opinion, but may also be partly due to the amount	
impossibility of Anding employment for short	40.0
periods, in the Stock Exchange or elsewhere, for se	fir
large a mass of money. The unblic would be the	Fit
better safished could they see in the taking of this	Dr
hasty step by the discount firms a prospect of the	Gr
consation of a sories of money denders dispersements	W
which tend manifestly to keep the market in an un-	Shi
settled condition, and to pretudice trade We feer	20.00
however, that there is not much prospect of the	
months ander diamete being yet assessed	cen

Review of the Cincinnati Market, FOR THE WEEK ENDING WEDNESDAY MORN-ING, MAY 2, 1869.

ING. SLAY 2, 1860.

ASHES—No change in the market. We quote Pots at 44/c. Pearls nominal. Sodasash 34/c., and Bi Carb. Soda 44/c. 654/c.

ALCOHOL—The closing rate for this article is 44c, for 98 per cent, over proof.

BURNING FLUID—We quote this at 47c.

BARK—The supply during the week has been large, and a further decline took place, but at the decline the demand is good. We now quote \$12612 50 as the currency for prime Chesnut Oak.

BROOMS—No change in the market; the demand is quite moderate; very little doing for export. We quote:

BEESWAX-A dull market for this article, and prices have declined to 28@30c.
BEANS—There is no improvement in the market, and prices, except in the small way, continue nominal. Small white are retailing

BUTTER—The supply of fresh has increased from day to day during the week, and the market has been easier, prices generally tending downward; and at the close 18c. might be called the outside quotation for the best. We quote 17@18c. as the range at the close, with a continued downward tendency. Old is nominal and sells as grease at 8@10c.

COOPERAGE—The market is dull, and the demand has been quite moderate all the week at our quotations:

COFFEE—The market has not changed during the week; the demand had been moderate, and as the week progressed, dealers bought more cautiously and sparingly; holders, however, under the favorable advices from the leading markets, remain firm, at full prices. The sales during the week comprise 1,200 bags. We continue to quote common at 14c; fair 14¼c; good 14½c, and prime 14½c. Very little prime, and no choice samples in the market, so that a quotation for the better grade would be nominal. 3,229 bags were received during the week, and 1,153 do. exported.

COAL—The market continues dull, at 2¼ and 8c. afloat for common and prime grades. The rates from yard, delivered, are 10 and 12c.

COTTON YARNS—There is no change in the market, and the demand continues mod-COFFEE-The market has not changed

the market, and the demand continues mod erate. We quote: Pound Yarn.... Coverlet Yarn... Carpet Warp.... Candlewick.....

CHEESE-The receipts of new spring made OHEESE—The receipts of new spring made are liberal and in excess of the demand, which is merely local, it not being adapted for shipment, and the market is dull at 7%. The stock of old is light, and the market firm at 10@101/2c. for Western Reserve, and 11@111/2c. for imitation English Dairy, the outside quotations for summer made.

CANDLES AND SOAP—No change in the demand for the additions for summer made.

orices; the demand for star candles is fair, and the market for all articles very firm. COOPERS' STUFF—The receipts have been quite large during the week, and the market has ruled quite dull, but prices are not lower. We continue our quotations:

EGGS—The supply has been quite large during the week, and prices declined lc., per dozen, closing at 10@11c., the latter rate for selected; 727 boxes and barrels were received during the week, and 406 barrels exported.

FEATHERS—No change; the demand is good, and 44@45c. are paid freely for prime, on arrival.

FRUIT—Green Apples being scarce, those in sound condition bring \$4 to \$5 per bri., according to quality. No change in dried, and we continue to quote them at \$5@6 per bri. Peaches dull at 11@13c. We have no change to notice in foreign of any kind; the supply of Oranges and Lemons is fair at the quotations.

riotations.
FISH—There is no change in the market;

the following rates:	steady at
Mackerel No. 1, large	tes nostes or
Mackerel No. 1. medium	19 006519 St
Mackerel No. 2, large	12 50@13 (x
White Fish, per brl.	10 500011 50
White Fish, half bri	5 2505 5 50
Pickled Herring Pickled Salmon, No. L	5 5066 6 0 19 006621 0
Suicked Salmon, per 1b	186619
Godfish, per lb. Smoked Hallibut, per lb.	19c
Smoked Herring, per box, No. 1	400000

FLOUR—The market ruled firmer in the forepart of the week, under the news from England and from New York, and prices were the turn in favor of sellers, but toward the close, the market assumed the usual quiet but firm aspect, though the demand was quite limited Monday and yesterday. The transactions for the week add up 8,000 brls. We quote superfine at \$5 60% 56; extra, \$5 70 @5 85, and do. white wheat, embracing choice family, at \$5 90@6. The receipts are light, and the stock does not increase so rapidly. The market closes rather dull.

GREASE—The market continues dull and the demand limited. Prices can not be quoted lower, and we quote as before:

Yellow 76725c. White 76725c. White 76725c. White 7760534c.
GINSENG—A dull market, and prices lower, closing at 58@60c., with a continued downward tendency.
GRAIN—There has been a good demand for Wheat all the week, chiefly local, but st the close there was an increased demand for export, and prices advanced 4c. on red and 2c. on white, as compared with the quotations a week ago. The sales during the week comprise 16,000 bushels. The closing rates may be called \$1 35@1 37 for red, and \$1 40@1 42 for white.

Corn has been in good demand all'the week, and the receipts being light prices advanced 2c. per bushel for ear. The sales during the week comprise 18,000 bushels, closing at 46@47c, for ear. The quantity of shelled offering is small, and not being equal to the demand for it, the market is firm at 48c. for mixed, in bulk, and 54@55c, in bags.

Oats have been in large supply during the week, and the market has ruled dull and heavy, prices gradually giving way, from day to day, and the market closing heavy, last evening, at 44@45c, it being difficult to obtain any thing over the inside price.

Rye has not changed essentially during the week; the demand has been about equal to the receipts, at 90@92c.

Barley has been in fair demand, for good

week; the demand has been about equal to the receipts, at 90@92c.

Barley has been in fair demand, for good samples fall, during the week, at full and steady rates, ranging from 80 to 85c., but in-ferior grades are dull and heavy at 70 to 78c.

HAY—There is a fair demand for prime timothy, in bales, at \$18@19, and hard pressed at \$20@21, and loose from wagons \$22@24. There is a large quantity of inferior on the market, and. it is sold, with difficulty, at \$12@15 per ton.

gards demand or price, prime retail at 14@15c.   Flour scarcely so active, but prices are with-	it of the order to the him he him him he him	at \$20@21, and loose from wagons \$22@24. There is a large quantity of inferior on the market, and it is sold, with difficulty, at \$12@15 per ton.  BRAN, SHORTS &c—The market remains dull, without any change in prices. We continue to quote:  Bran, per ton.  \$176317 50 850745, per ton.  \$176317 50 850745, per ton.  \$176317 50 850745, per ton.  HIDES—The market continues to rule firm, at full rates. We quote:  Flint.  Bry Salted.  \$18 6546.  Bry Salted.  \$18 6546.  Bry Salted.  \$18 6566.  Shops per ton.  \$18 6546.  Bry Salted.  \$18 6566.  Bry Salted.  Bry S	New York Market.  New York Market.  New York Market.  New York May 1—P. M.—Ashes steady, with a moderate business doing at \$5 25 for Pots and \$5 62½ for Pearls.  Cotton dull and heavy: sales 500 bales at 11c. for middling upland.  Flour without important change, and the demand is confined chiefly to the immediate wants of the homa trade; sales 6,500 bris. at \$5 40@5 45 for superfine State; \$5 50@5 60 for extra do., chiefly at \$5 50@5 60; \$5 40@ 50 55 for superfine Western; \$5 60@6 for common to medium extra do., and \$6 15@6 25 for shipping brands extra round-hoop Ohio, closing steady. The demand for Canadian	
	he	gards demand or price; prime retail at 14@15c.	Flour scarcely so active, but prices are with-	1

HOGS AND CATTLE.—There has been rather a better demand for fat Hogs during the week, and prices have ruled rather firmer, but are not quotably higher. The sales during the week add up 1,200 head. We quote slop-fatted at \$4 50664 55, and cornfatted at \$4565 52 per cental grows. The supply of Beef Cattle has been very light, hardly equal to the demand; but though the market has ruled decidedly firm, prices cannot be well quoted higher, though the lower grades brought rather better prices. The sales during the week comprise 450 head. We quote \$3 5064 as the range for common to fair, and \$4 2564 50 as the range for good to prime. The markets were quite buoyant Monday. The markets were quite buoyant Monday. The markets were quite buoyant Monday. The markets were quite for good to prime. The markets were quite for good to prime. The markets were quite for good per head.

IRON.—There is no change in the market.

A moderate business doing at \$25626 for Ohio, but blast pig in the regular way. In bar there is no change; common sells at 2½c. The demand is fair.

LEATHER.—A continued dull market, with no change in prices. We quote:

Sole, city tanied, per pound.

Sole, city tanied, per pound.

Sole and the per domen.

Sole and the per dom

LEAD AND SHOT—The demand is noderate, in the regular way, at our quota-ions, which we continue:

Shot, # keg. Sw logs? co

LUMBER—The receipts have been quite large during the week, and the known quantity on the way down being very heavy, the market has been quite dull since our last, and prices lower, and, to some extent, nominal—\$12@13 for mixed lots, and \$14 for extra rafts, per M., are the asking rates, but dealers are holding back in expectation of a decline consequent upon the large supply. Shingles are very dull, and No. 1 are offered quite freely at \$3 25, and No. 2 at \$2 25.

MOLASSES—There has been no change in the market since our last; the demand has been quite moderate. We continue to quote 45@46c, as the current rates in the regular way.

450940c, as the way.

NAILS—No change in the market; the demand is moderate. We quote:
Cut spikes, per keg. \$3 0983 27
Ten to sixty penny, per keg. \$7505 88
Right penny, per keg. \$0005.2
Six penny, per keg. \$7005.2
Six penny, per keg. \$7005.2
Four penny, per keg. \$7005.2
Four penny, per keg. \$7005.2
Three NAVAL STORES-We quote Spirits Tur-

NAVAL STORES—We quote Spirits Turpentine at 52@53c. in the regular way. Tar, Pitch and Resin are unchanged.

OILS—Linseed has been dull all the week, and prices further declined, reaching 64c.; at the close it was held at 65c., and this rate was obtained in the regular way from store, but parcels placed in the market would not bring over 64c. Lard Oil unchanged, and firm at 85c. for No. 1; rendered at 6)4c., and 7)4c. for distilled and saponified.

PROVISIONS—There has not been much change in prices during the week, but the demand has been good the last four or five days for all articles, and quite a large business was done in mess Pork and Bacon at the quotations. Lard advanced fully \( \frac{1}{2} \) c., with an increased disposition to buy, and but few willing to sell. The observance of any speculative demand continues to be the prevailing feature of the market, the demand being ing feature of the market, the demand nearly altogether from the consuming dis-tricts. In the forepart of the week mes Pork was held at \$17 50 for the best brands Pork was held at \$17.50 for the best brands, but toward the close holders came down from this point to some extent, and a large business was done, the sales during the last three business days of the week making 4,400 brls. at \$17.25. At the close holders again fell back upon \$17.50, with a demand unsupplied, at \$17.22. We quote rump at \$12@13, and prime at \$14.

The demand for Bacon gradually improved from day to day and during the last two or from day to day and during the last two or

from day to day, and during the last two or three days the sales add up 800 hhds, at 7½c, and 9½c, and some small lots of clear Sides at 10½c, but at the close holders had moved

at 10%c; but at the close holders had moved their ideas up ½6%c, while there were buyars at the old rates.

Bulk Meats have been held with great firmness all the week, but the business permitted to transpire in them was but small, not exceeding 400,000 pounds, at 6%c, for Shoulders, and 8% to 8%c, for Sides, the latter rate being obtained for a lot averaging 45 nounds. Sides averaging 33 to 28 nounds.

latter rate being obtained for a lot averaging 45 pounds, Sides, averaging 33 to 35 pounds, would command 85c. At the close, Shoulders were held at 65c., and Sides at 85c 85c., and for extra heavy holders seemed to think 9c. about a safe rate to ask.

There has been an increased disposition to buy Lard, and an advance of 5c. has been paid, but there were not exceeding 1,000 barrels obtained at this rate; holders asking a further advance, or withdrawing from the market. Keg is nominal. We did not bear of a sale during the week, nor did we hear of of a sale during the week, nor did we hear

of a sale during the week, nor did we hear of any being offered. We quote it nominal at 11½@11½c.

POTATOES.—The market is dull at \$1 50 @1 75 for prime Northern, and 95c.@\$1 for common. Receipts fair and stock large. RICE—Prices are a shade lower, and we notice sales of 100 tierces at 4½@4½c. SUGAR—The demand has been fair, in the receipts way all the week without any

SUGAR—The demand has been fair, in the regular way, all the week, without any change in prices. The sales comprise 600 hhds. We continue to quote common at 734c; low fair at 734c; fair at 8c; good fair at 84c, and prime to choice at 81468%c. Refined crushed and powdered ranges from 103461034c.

SALT—The demand for domestic is moderate, and some business is doing in foreign. About 4,000 bags coarse Liverpool sold, in lots, the last week or so, at \$1 per bag. Pure Turks Island is offered at 32c, but other kinds of this grade range down to 25cc, and 500 fthis grade range down to 25cc, and 500 of this grade range down to 25cc, and 500 bags Cadiz sold at 20c, per bushel. Fine Liverpool is nominal; there is none in the market we believe. We quote:

TOBACCO-A fair demand for tured at steady rates. We quote:

TALLOW-Country rendered trings 91/3

TALLOW—Country rendered trings 9½@
9¾c., on arrival.
WOOL—Inquiries regarding the prospects
of market and prices are now becoming quite
frequent, as shearing time is now near
at hand, but nothing defiuite is known;
dealers seem indisposed to name prices,
and matters generally must be called
unsettled. The prices paid last year
proved far too high and resulted in heavy
losses. Some think prices must recede 5 to
8c. per lb. below those paid last season in order to place buyers in a moderately safe position. We bear of no contracts being made
in the interior, and would judge, from all we in the interior, and would judge, from all we can find out, that dealers are disposed to wait until owners come to them to sell, rather than

go to them to buy.

WHISKY—Prices advanced 1/2c, during the week. The current rate each day was as follows: Wednesday, 173/2c, Thursday, 173/2c, and Friday, Saturday, Monday and yesterday, 18c.—closing steady.

ont material change: sales 600 bris. at \$5.70 GP 40 for common to choice extra. Rye Flour continues steady: sales 100 bris. at \$3.50G4 25 for common to choice superfine Corn Meal quiet and unchanged.

Whisky dull and drooping: sales of 200 bris. at 22½c. Buyers generally refuse to pay 22c. Wheat dull and heavy, the nominal quotations are \$1.25G1 27 for Chicago Spring; \$1.29G1 32 for Milwankee Club; shippers are holding off: sales of 1,000 bushels of club at \$1.35, and 1,200 bushels of white Western at \$1.62½. Rye quiet at 85c. Barley plenty and heavy: sales of 14,000 bushels at 71c. for common. State and prime Western on private terms. Corn quiet and prices without striking change: sales of 17,000 bushels at 736680c. for mixed Western; \$10080c. for white Southern.

Oats plenty, doll and heavy at 42643c. for Western and Canada, and 43644c for State, the laiter an outside price.

Spirits of Turpentine firmer; sales of 500 bris. at 47648. Crude is nominal at \$3.37½.

Pork dull, heavy and almost entirely nominal; sales of 456 bris. at \$17.68G17.75; New Mess \$17.25; Thin do. \$18.40; Old Mess \$21; for City \$14.12; New Prime \$16.75G17.87. for Old do.; 25c. \$2.50 bris. New Prime in June at \$14.50. Total stock 57,054 bris. same time last month 62,886 bris.

Beef quiet and steady: sales of 350 barrels at \$466 50 for country prime; \$5665.50 for country mess; \$7.75@10.50 for repacked mess, and \$11(6)12.25 for extra mess. Beef Hams dull at \$12.506(16 for Western, and \$12.506(14 for State. Prime Mess Beef dull and nominal at \$136(18 for India. Cut Meats firmer for Shoulders, and quiet for Hams: sales of 2.125 pkgs. at 71%G17½c. for Shoulders, and 9609½c. for Hams.

Lard more active and firmer: sales 1,050 bris. at 10%G11½c. Bacon quiet and unchanged. Butter dull and unchanged at 10 (6)5c. for Ohio, and 10620c. for State. Cheese steady at 106(16; Alm of the privalence of the price of the substance of 210 hhds. Porto Richard of the substance of 210 hhds. Porto Richard of 600 bris. No. 1, at \$1610 or.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

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With this SAFE we challenge all competition, as being the best Fire Proof, Barghar Proof, or Fire and Burglar Proof now made; and are willing to test with any establishment in the Union, and the party failing first to forfoit to the other the sum of \$2,900. We are prepared to furnish a better Safe, and at less cost, than any other manufacturer in the United States.

listes.
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We respectfully invite the public to call and exam
ne our stock before purchasing elsewhere. HALL, CARROLL & CO.,

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The of term Ellist is warranted to cure all distriction of the later in the Kidneys, the Overles, and the Uterlins, Prolapson or Falling of the Womb, Paintel Menstruction, Chlorosis, Amenorrhea; in fact, a perfect cure is gineranteed by the use of from two to five bottles of the Bikir, of any disease whatever of the denorative and Urinary Organs, of male or female, no matter of how long standing. Price 31 per bottle.

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"We, the undersigned, are not in the habit of giving our name to Patent Medicines; but knowing well the Lady Physician, and the medicine called the Uterine Elizir, we cheerfully recommend it to all formers and try, and our word for it, you will thus relief.

"Corner of Fifth and Bace streets."

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"Corner of Fifth and Bace atreets."

MADAME ELLIS'S SPANISH SIMULATING COUGH AND LIVER BALSAM curss, without fail, Pains in the Breast, Rack, Side or Limbs Cough, Colds, Hoarness, Lifficulty of Breathing, Head ache, Flatilency, Headingly of Breathing, Head ache, Flatilency, Headingly of Breathing, Heading, Edward Station, Headingly of Breathing, Heading, Headingly of Heading Patus of the Bowels, Dulliness Stroper, Inactivity, Joseph and Gives immediate self-chain of the above-diseases it will give rolling resulting of the above-diseases it will give rolling the strong of the above-diseases it will give rolling the strong of the above-diseases it will give rolling the strong of the above-diseases it will give rolling the strong minutes, and a permanent commentation of two bottless. Only 50 cents page of the page of head had even by F. D. HILL, Druggist, corner of Race and Fifth-streets; J. D. PALR, curner of Fourth- and Walnut; SUIRE, EURSTEIN & CO., corner vine and Fourth; John DickSon, corner of Furth and Freeman; EDWARD SCANKAN & CO., corner of Main and Fourth; and MADAME ELLIS, 144 West Sixth-street.

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\$514,149 37.

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MANUFACTORY, 102 Main-street, three doors above Third MEEP ON HAND AND MAKE TO ORDER all kinds of Horse Trappings, in the best
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